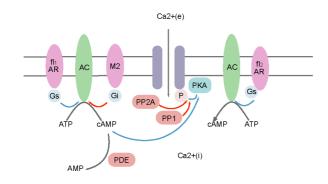
Levels of Modelling



Conceptual: Representation of the model through diagrams, natural language, or concepts from ontologies.

Henri-Michaelis-Menten

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{V_{\text{max}} \times S}{V_m + S}$$

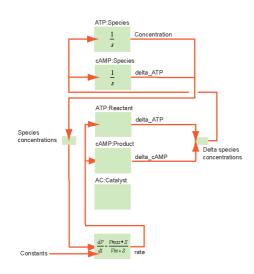
$$\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{V_{\text{max}} \times \frac{S}{K_m} - V_{\text{max}_{-}} \times \frac{P}{K_{m_{-}}}}{1 + \frac{S}{K_m} + \frac{P}{K_m}}$$

Mass Action

$$\frac{dP_q}{dt} = (m_q) \times (k) \times \prod_{r=1}^{i} [S_r]^{n_r}$$

$$\frac{dP_q}{dt} = \left(m_q\right) \times \left(k\right) \times \prod_{r=1}^{i} \left[S_r\right]^{n_r} - \left(m_q\right) \times \left(k_{\perp}\right) \times \prod_{k=1}^{j} \left[P_k\right]^{m_k}$$

Mathematical: Representation of the conceptual model using mathematical equations.



Instances: Representation of mathematical equations as instances of CelIML components connected together.

Implementation: Simulation of model in simulation software, an iterative process of system identification.